

**HIGH-VOLUME COMPRESSED AIR
COALESCENT FILTER
O. M. 23109**

**MC FILE NUMBER: 2151-1001
DATE OF ISSUE: 10/01
REVISION: A, 09/06**

 **WARNING**

Do not proceed with these instructions until you have READ the preface of this MANUAL and YOU UNDERSTAND its contents. These WARNINGS are included for the health and safety of the operator and those in the immediate vicinity. Keep this manual for future reference

© 2006 CLEMCO INDUSTRIES CORP.
One Cable Car Dr.
Washington, MO 63090
Phone (636) 239-4300
Fax (800) 726-7559
Email: info@clemcoindustries.com
www.clemcoindustries.com



⚠ WARNING

- **Read and follow ALL instructions before using this equipment.**
- **Failure to comply with ALL instructions can result in serious injury or death.**
- **In the event that the user, or any assistants of the user of this equipment cannot read or cannot completely understand the warnings and information contained in these instructions, the employer of the user and his assistants must thoroughly educate and train them on the proper operation and safety procedures of this equipment.**

NOTICE TO PURCHASERS AND USERS OF OUR PRODUCTS AND THIS INFORMATIONAL MATERIAL

The products described in this material, and the information relating to those products, is intended for knowledgeable, experienced users of abrasive blasting equipment.

No representation is intended or made as to the suitability of the products described herein for any particular purpose or application. No representations are intended or made as to the efficiency, production rate, or the useful life of the products described herein. Any estimate regarding production rates or production finishes are the responsibility of the user and must be derived solely from the user's experience and expertise, and must not be based on information in this material.

The products described in this material may be combined by the user in a variety of ways for purposes determined solely by the user. No representations are intended or made as to the suitability or engineering balance of the combination of products determined by the user in his selection, nor as to the compliance with regulations or standard practice of such combinations of components or products.

Abrasive Blast Equipment is only a component of the range of equipment used in an abrasive blasting job. Other products may include an air compressor, abrasive, scaffolding, hydraulic work platforms or booms, paint spray equipment, dehumidification equipment, air filters and receivers, lights, ventilation equipment, parts handling equipment, specialized respirators, or equipment that while offered by Clemco may have been supplied by others. Each manufacturer and supplier of the other products used in the abrasive blasting job must be contacted for information, training, instruction and warnings with regard to the proper and safe use of their equipment in the particular application for which the equipment is being used. The information provided by Clemco is intended to provide instruction only on Clemco products. All operators must be trained in the proper, safe, use of this equipment. It is the responsibility of the users to familiarize themselves with, and comply with, all appropriate laws, regulations, and safe practices that apply to the use of these products. Consult with your employer about training programs and materials that are available.

Our company is proud to provide a variety of products to the abrasive blasting industry, and we have confidence that the professionals in our industry will utilize their knowledge and expertise in the safe efficient use of these products.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Described herein are some, **BUT NOT ALL**, of the major requirements for safe and productive use of blast machines, remote control systems, operator respirator assemblies, and related accessories. Completely read **ALL** instruction manuals prior to using equipment.

The user's work environment may include certain **HAZARDS** related to the abrasive blasting operation. Proper protection for the blaster, as well as anyone else that may be **EXPOSED** to the hazards generated by the blasting process, is the responsibility of the user and/or the employer. Operators **MUST** consult with their employer about what hazards may be present in the work environment including, but not limited to, exposure to dust that may contain **TOXIC MATERIALS** due to the presence of silica, cyanide, arsenic or other toxins in the abrasive, or materials present in the surface to be blasted such as lead or heavy metals in coatings. The environment may also include fumes that may be present from adjacent coatings application, contaminated water, engine exhaust, chemicals, and asbestos. The work area may include **PHYSICAL HAZARDS** such as an uneven work surface, poor visibility, excess noise, and electrical hazards. The operator **MUST** consult with his employer on the identification of potential hazards, and the appropriate measures that **MUST** be taken to protect the blaster and others that might be exposed to these hazards.

ALL machines, components and accessories **MUST** be installed, tested, operated and maintained only by trained, knowledgeable, experienced users.

DO NOT modify or substitute any Clemco parts with other types or brands of equipment. Unauthorized modification and parts substitution on supplied air respirators is a violation of OSHA regulations and voids the NIOSH approval.

OPERATIONAL INSTRUCTIONS

OPERATOR SAFETY EQUIPMENT

⚠ WARNING


- **Blast operators and others working in the vicinity of abrasive blasting must always wear properly-maintained, NIOSH-approved, respiratory protection appropriate for the job site hazards.**
- **DO NOT USE abrasives containing more than one percent crystalline (free) silica. Ref. NIOSH Alert #92-102**
- **Inhalation of toxic dust (crystalline silica, asbestos, lead paint and other toxins) can lead to serious or fatal disease (silicosis, asbestosis, lead or other poisoning).**

- **ALWAYS** wear NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirators as required by OSHA, in the presence of any dust including, but not limited to, handling or loading abrasive; blasting or working in the vicinity of blast jobs; and cleanup of expended

abrasive. Prior to removing respirator, an air monitoring instrument should be used to determine when surrounding atmosphere is clear of dust and safe to breathe.

- NIOSH-approved, supplied-air respirators are to be worn **ONLY** in atmospheres:
 - NOT IMMEDIATELY dangerous to life or health and,
 - from which a user can escape **WITHOUT** using the respirator.
- Clemco supplied-air respirators **DO NOT REMOVE OR PROTECT AGAINST CARBON MONOXIDE (CO) OR ANY OTHER TOXIC GAS**. Carbon monoxide and toxic gas removal and/or monitoring device must be used in conjunction with respirator to insure safe breathing air.
- Air supplied to respirator **MUST BE AT LEAST GRADE D QUALITY** as described in Compressed Gas Association Commodity Specification G-7.1, and as specified by OSHA Regulation 1910.139 (d).
- **ALWAYS** locate compressors to prevent contaminated air (such as CO from engine exhaust) from entering the air intake system. A suitable in-line air purifying sorbent bed and filter or CO Monitor should be installed to assure breathing air quality.
- **ALWAYS** use a NIOSH-approved breathing air hose to connect an appropriate air filter to the respirator. Use of a non-approved air hose can subject the operator to illness caused by the release of chemical agents used in the manufacture of non-approved breathing air hose.
- **ALWAYS** check to make sure air filter and respirator system hoses are **NOT CONNECTED** to in-plant lines that contain nitrogen, acetylene or any other non-breathable gas. **NEVER** use oxygen with air line respirators. **NEVER** modify air line connections to accommodate air filter/respirator breathing hose **WITHOUT FIRST** testing content of the air line. **FAILURE TO TEST THE AIR LINE MAY RESULT IN DEATH TO THE RESPIRATOR USER.**
- Respirator lenses are designed to protect against rebounding abrasive. They do not protect against flying objects, glare, liquids, radiation or high speed heavy materials. Substitute lenses from sources other than the original respirator manufacturer will void NIOSH-approval of this respirator.

BLAST MACHINES AND REMOTE CONTROLS

 WARNING
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ALWAYS equip abrasive blast machines with remote controls. • Abrasive blast machine operators must wear NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirators (ref: OSHA regulations 1910.94, 1910.132, 1910.139 and 1910.244).

- **NEVER** modify OR substitute remote control parts. Parts from different manufacturers are **NOT** compatible with Clemco

equipment. If controls are altered, involuntary activation, which may cause serious injury, can occur.

- Inspect the air control orifice **DAILY** for cleanliness. **NEVER** use welding hose in place of twinline control hose. The internal diameter and rubber composition are **UNSAFE** for remote control use.
- **UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED**, maximum working pressure of blast machines and related components **MUST NOT** exceed National Board approved 125 psig (8.5 BAR).
- **NEVER** weld on blast machine. Welding may affect dimensional integrity of steel wall and **WILL VOID** National Board approval.
- Point nozzle **ONLY** at structure being blasted. High velocity abrasive particles **WILL** inflict serious injury. Keep unprotected workers **OUT** of blast area.
- **NEVER** attempt to manually move blast machine when it contains abrasive. **EMPTY** machines, up to 6 cu. ft.(270kg) capacity, are designed to be moved:
 - on flat, smooth surfaces by **AT LEAST** two people;
 - with the Clemco "Mule"; or
 - with other specially designed machine moving devices.
- Larger empty blast machines or **ANY** blast machine containing abrasive **MUST** be transported by mechanical lifting equipment.

AIR HOSE, BLAST HOSE, COUPLINGS, AND NOZZLE HOLDERS

- Air hose, air hose fittings and connectors at compressors and blast machines **MUST** be **FOUR** times the size of the nozzle orifice. Air hose lengths **MUST** be kept as short as possible **AND** in a straight line. Inspect **DAILY** and repair leakage **IMMEDIATELY**.
- Blast hose inside diameter **MUST** be **THREE** to **FOUR** times the size of the nozzle orifice. **AVOID** sharp bends that wear out hose rapidly. Use **SHORTEST** hose lengths possible to reduce pressure loss. Check blast hose **DAILY** for soft spots. Repair or replace **IMMEDIATELY**.
- **ALWAYS** cut loose hose ends square when installing hose couplings and nozzle holders to allow uniform fit of hose to coupling shoulder. **NEVER** install couplings or nozzle holders that **DO NOT** provide a **TIGHT** fit on hose. **ALWAYS** use manufacturers recommended coupling screws.
- Replace coupling gaskets **FREQUENTLY** to prevent leakage. Abrasive leakage can result in dangerous coupling failure. **ALL** gaskets **MUST** be checked **SEVERAL** times during a working day for wear, distortion and softness.
- Install safety pins at **EVERY** coupling connection to prevent accidental disengagement during hose movement.
- **ALWAYS** attach safety cables at **ALL** air hose **AND** blast hose coupling connections. Cables relieve tension on hose and control whipping action in the event of a coupling blow-out.

MAINTENANCE

- ALWAYS shut off compressor and depressurize blast machine BEFORE doing ANY maintenance.
- Always check and clean ALL filters, screens and alarm systems when doing any maintenance.
- ALWAYS cage springs BEFORE disassembling valves IF spring-loaded abrasive control valves are used.
- ALWAYS completely follow owner's manual instructions and maintain equipment at RECOMMENDED intervals.

ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE

- Training and Educational Programs.
Clemco Industries Corp. offers a booklet, Blast-Off 2, developed to educate personnel on abrasive blast equipment function and surface preparation techniques. Readers will learn safe and productive use of machines, components and various accessories, including selection of abrasive materials for specific surface profiles and degrees of cleanliness.
- The Society for Protective Coatings (SSPC) offers a video training series on protective coatings including one entitled "Surface Preparation." For loan or purchase information, contact SSPC at the address shown below.

TECHNICAL DATA AND RESEARCH COMMITTEES

- The following associations offer information, materials and videos relating to abrasive blasting and safe operating practices.

The Society for Protective Coatings (SSPC)
 40 24th Street, Pittsburgh PA 15222-4643
 Phone: (412) 281-2331 • FAX (412) 281-9992
 Email: research@sspc.org • Website: www.sspc.org

National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE)
 1440 South Creek Drive, Houston TX 77084
 Phone: (281) 228-6200 • FAX (281) 228-6300
 Email: msd@mail.nace.org • Website: www.nace.org

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 100 Barr Harbor Dr., West Conshohocken, PA 19428
 Phone (610) 832-9500 • FAX (610) 832-9555
 Email: service@astm.org • Website: www.astm.org

NOTICE

This equipment is not intended to be used in an area that might be considered a hazardous location as described in the National Electric Code NFPA 70 1996, article 500.

WARRANTY


The following is in lieu of all warranties express, implied or statutory and in no event shall seller or its agents, successors, nominees or assignees, or either, be liable for special or consequential damage arising out of a breach of warranty. This warranty does not apply to any damage or defect resulting from negligent or improper assembly or use of any item by the buyer or its agent or from alteration or attempted repair by any person other than an authorized agent of seller. All used, repaired, modified or altered items are purchased "as is" and with all faults. In no event shall seller be liable for consequential or incidental damages. The sole and exclusive remedy of buyer for breach of warranty by seller shall be repair or replacement

of defective parts or, at seller's option, refund of the purchase price, as set forth below:

1. Seller makes no warranty with respect to products used other than in accordance hereunder.
2. On products seller manufactures, seller warrants that all products are to be free from defects in workmanship and materials for a period of one year from date of shipment to buyer, but no warranty is made that the products are fit for a particular purpose.
3. On products which seller buys and resells pursuant to this order, seller warrants that the products shall carry the then standard warranties of the manufacturers thereof, a copy of which shall be made available to customer upon request.
4. The use of any sample or model in connection with this order is for illustrative purposes only and is not to be construed as a warranty that the product will conform to the sample or model.
5. Seller makes no warranty that the products are delivered free of the rightful claim of any third party by way of patent infringement or the like.
6. This warranty is conditioned upon seller's receipt within ten (10) days after a buyer's discovery of a defect, of a written notice stating in what specific material respects the product failed to meet this warranty. If such notice is timely given, seller will, at its option, either modify the product or part to correct the defect, replace the product or part with complying products or parts, or refund the amount paid for the defective product, any one of which will constitute the sole liability of seller and a full settlement of all claims. No allowance will be made for alterations or repairs made by other than those authorized by seller without the prior written consent of seller. Buyer shall afford seller prompt and reasonable opportunity to inspect the products for which any claim is made as above stated.

Except as expressly set forth above, all warranties, express, implied or statutory, including implied warranty of merchantability, are hereby disclaimed.

DAILY SET-UP CHECK LIST

 WARNING
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ALL piping, fittings and hoses MUST be checked DAILY for tightness and leakage. • ALL equipment and components MUST be thoroughly checked for wear. • ALL worn or suspicious parts MUST be replaced. • ALL blast operators MUST be properly trained to operate equipment. • ALL blast operators MUST be properly outfitted with abrasive resistant clothing, safety shoes, leather gloves and ear protection. • BEFORE blasting ALWAYS use the following check list.

1. PROPERLY MAINTAINED AIR COMPRESSOR sized to provide sufficient volume (cfm) for nozzle and other tools PLUS a 50% reserve to allow for nozzle wear. Use large compressor outlet and large air hose (4 times the nozzle orifice size). FOLLOW MANUFACTURERS MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS.

2. BREATHING AIR COMPRESSOR (oil-less air pump) capable of providing Grade D Quality air located in a dust free, contaminant free area. If oil-lubricated air compressor is used to supply respirator, it should have high temperature monitor

PREFACE

and CO monitor or both. If CO monitor is not used, air **MUST** be tested **FREQUENTLY** to ensure proper air quality.

3. Clean, properly maintained NIOSH-APPROVED SUPPLIED-AIR RESPIRATOR. ALL components should ALWAYS be present. NEVER operate without inner lens in place. Thoroughly inspect ALL components DAILY for cleanliness and wear. ANY substitution of parts voids NIOSH approval i.e. cape, lenses, breathing hose, breathing air supply hose, air control valve, cool air or climate control devices.

4. OSHA required BREATHING AIR FILTER for removal of moisture and particulate matter from breathing air supply. THIS DEVICE DOES NOT REMOVE OR DETECT CARBON MONOXIDE (CO). ALWAYS USE CO MONITOR ALARM.

5. ASME CODED BLAST MACHINE sized to hold 1/2 hour abrasive supply. ALWAYS ground machine to eliminate static electricity hazard. Examine pop up valve for alignment. Blast machine **MUST** be fitted with a screen to keep out foreign objects and a cover to prevent entry of moisture overnight.

6. AIR LINE FILTER installed AS CLOSE AS POSSIBLE to machine inlet. Sized to match inlet piping or larger air supply line. Clean filter DAILY. Drain OFTEN.

7. REMOTE CONTROLS MUST be in PERFECT operating condition. ONLY use APPROVED spare parts, including twin-line hose. DAILY: test system operation and check button bumper and spring action of lever and lever lock. DO NOT USE WELDING HOSE.

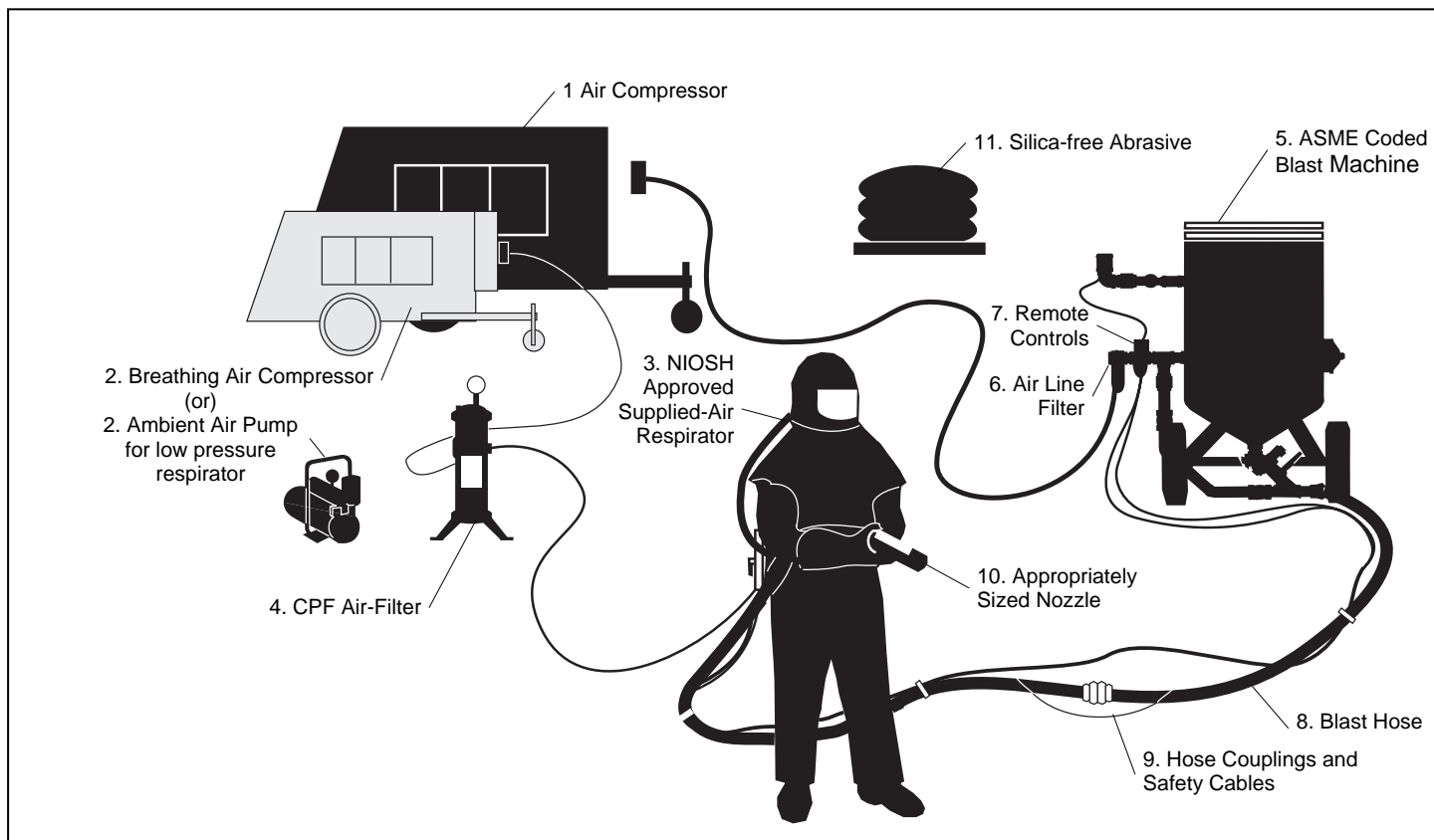
8. BLAST HOSE with ID 3 to 4 times the nozzle orifice. Lines **MUST** be run AS STRAIGHT AS POSSIBLE from machine to work area with NO sharp bends. Check DAILY for internal wear and external damage.

9. HOSE COUPLINGS, NOZZLE HOLDERS fitted SNUGLY to hose end and installed using PROPER coupling screws. Coupling lugs **MUST** be snapped FIRMLY into locking position. Gasket **MUST** form positive seal with safety pins inserted through pin holes. Check gaskets and replace if ANY sign of wear, softness or distortion. ALWAYS install safety cables at every connection to prevent disengagement. Check nozzle holder for worn threads. NEVER MIX DIFFERENT BRANDS OF COMPONENTS. Check each of these components DAILY.

10. Inspect **NOZZLE and GASKET** DAILY for wear. Replace nozzle when 1/16" larger than original size or if liner appears cracked. Check nozzle threads for wear.

11. Use abrasive that is properly sized and free of harmful substances; such as, free silica, cyanide, arsenic or lead. Check material data sheet for presence of toxic or harmful substances.

12. Test surface to be blasted for toxic substances. Take appropriate, and NIOSH required, protective measures for operator and bystanders which pertain to substances found on the surface to be blasted.



11.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Scope of Manual

1.1.1 These instructions cover the set-up, operation, maintenance, troubleshooting, and replacement parts for the Clemco high-volume coalescent filter.

1.1.2 These instructions also contain important information required for safe operation of the filter. Before using the filter, all personnel associated with the operation must read this entire manual, including the orange cover, and all accessory manuals.

1.1.3 All personnel involved with the abrasive blasting process must be made aware of the hazards associated with abrasive blasting. The Clemco booklet "Abrasive Blasting Safety Practices" (Stock No. 22090) also available in Spanish (Stock No. 22931) contains important safety information about abrasive blasting that may not be included in equipment operation manuals. Free copies are available from Clemco Industries.

1.2 Hazard Alerts

1.2.1 Clemco uses signal words, based on ANSI Z535.4-1998, to alert the user of a potentially hazardous situation that may be encountered while operating this equipment. ANSI's definitions of the signal words are as follows:



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert the user of this equipment of potential personal injury hazards.

Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

CAUTION

Caution used without the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

CAUTION

Caution indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

WARNING

Warning indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

DANGER

Danger indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

1.3 Description

1.3.1 The primary components of the filter are shown in Figure 1. It includes a 2-inch inlet port, a 2-inch outlet port, and a drain petcock. The filter is designed to operate between 200 and 800 cfm (cubic feet per minute), at a maximum of 150 psi (pounds per square inch). Flow lower than 200 cfm or flow higher than 800 cfm may decrease the filter's water separating efficiency.

1.3.2 Clemco pressure vessels are manufactured to American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) standards, as described in Section VII, Div. 1, and carry a National Board certification. It is the owner's responsibility to maintain the integrity of the vessel as may be required by some states. This may include regular inspection and hydrostatic testing as described in National Board Inspection Code and Jurisdictional Regulations and /or Laws.

1.3.3 All welding repairs done on the vessel must be performed by certified welders, at shops holding a National Board "R" Stamp. Welding performed by any welder not properly qualified per the ASME Code voids ASME and National Board certification of the vessel.

WARNING

Welding, grinding, or drilling on the tank could weaken the vessel. Compressed air pressure could cause a weakened vessel to rupture, resulting in death or serious injury. Welding, grinding, or drilling on the separator vessel, without a National Board "R" stamp voids the ASME and National Board certification.

1.3.4 The filter's vessel is rated for a maximum of 150 psi. Do not exceed the rated pressure.

⚠ WARNING

Excessive air pressure could cause a pressure vessel to rupture. To prevent serious injury or death, do not exceed the rated pressure of the vessel.

1.3.5 OSHA does not require pressure relief valves on filter/manifolds when air compressors supplying air to the vessel are built to ASME⁽¹⁾ specifications and comply with OSHA⁽²⁾ regulations. ASME Manual section VIII, Division 1, UG-125, paragraph A90 (g) states that pressure relief valves or protective devices "...need not be installed directly on a pressure vessel when the source of pressure is external to the vessel and is under such positive control that the pressure in the vessel cannot exceed the maximum allowable working pressure at the operating temperature...". OSHA regulation 1910.169 refers to the above ASME code when describing the necessity of pressure relief valves on compressed air equipment. **DO NOT** operate the filter with air compressors that are not equipped with properly functioning pressure relief valves.

⁽¹⁾ American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, 1989

⁽²⁾ Occupational Safety and Health Administration, 29 CFR 1910, Subpart M - Compressed Gas and Compressed Air Equipment.

2.0 INITIAL SET-UP

CAUTION

Do not use undersize fittings or supply hose that reduce the air flow. Reduced air flow may result in insufficient air volume (cfm), required for pneumatic tools.

2.1 Assembly

2.1.1 Install a 2" isolation valve and/or air hose connection that is compatible with the compressed-air supply hose, to the inlet (lower) port. NOTE: An isolation valve at the inlet is not necessary if there are means of shutting the air supply at the compressor. A valve at the filter permits depressurization of the filter and all outlet ports for service, without shutting down the air supply.

2.1.3 Use appropriate reducers and fittings to connect an isolation valve and air hose coupling(s) that are compatible with the air supply hose(s) to the upper (outlet) port. Isolation valves are recommended at the outlet port, when connecting multiple air hoses. Isolation valves enable the closing of each port when it is not in use.

3.0 OPERATION

3.1 Set-up for operation

3.1.1 Place the filter as far from the compressor as practical. NOTE: The filter removes condensed water and water particles. Placing the filter away from the compressor allows the air to cool, permitting water vapor to condense, and more efficiently removed from the air.

3.1.2 Connect an appropriately sized air line from the compressor to the filter's inlet.

CAUTION

Keep all hoses clear of foreign material. Avoid laying air hose in abrasive. Any foreign material in the hose will contaminate the compressed-air system when compressed air is applied.

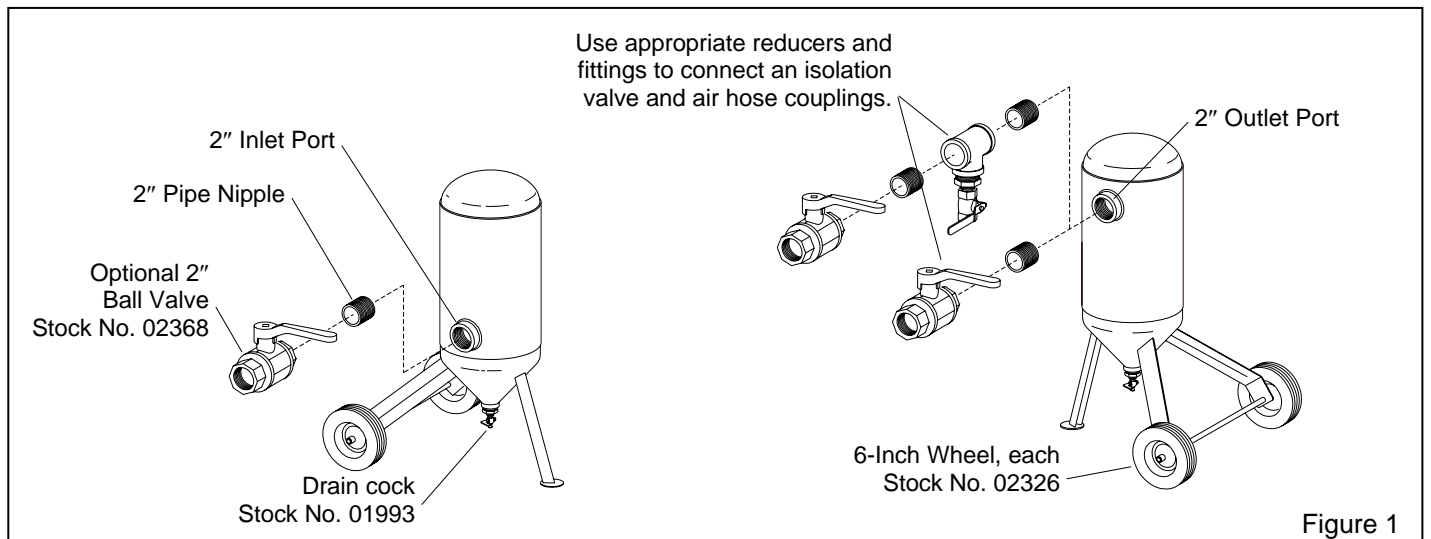


Figure 1

3.1.3 Connect appropriately sized air line(s) from the outlet port, to the blast machine and other pneumatic tools.

3.1.4 Use lock-pins to safety lock all twist-on hose couplings to prevent accidental separation when under pressure.

WARNING

Hoses that disconnect while under pressure could cause serious injury or death. Use safety lock-pins and safety cables on all coupling connections to prevent hose couplings from accidental disconnection.

3.1.5 Attach safety cables on all hoses.

3.2 Pressurize Air Supply

3.2.1 Verify that all air lines are connected and that couplings are secured with safety lock-pins or other appropriate lock device that is compatible with the coupling.

3.2.2 Start the compressor and bring it to operating conditions.

3.2.3 Slowly open the air supply valve at the compressor. Listen for open lines or leaks.

3.3 Operation

3.3.1 Open the inlet valve (if so equipped) and all outlet lines that are to be used.

3.3.2 Open the drain cock enough to permit a small amount of air to escape. This allows water to drain as it accumulates.

4.0 MAINTENANCE

4.1 Draining water

4.1.1 Fully open the drain cock, at least hourly, to drain accumulated water. The drain petcock is located at the bottom of the vessel.

4.2 Back-flushing

NOTE: The only service maintenance required is infrequent back-flushing. Back-flushing is needed when excessive oils and moisture pass through the filter or in an extreme case if excessive pressure drop is noted across the filter.

WARNING

Failure to observe the following before performing any maintenance could cause serious injury or death from the sudden release of compressed air:

- **Depressurize the filter vessel.**
 - **Lockout and tagout the compressed air supply.**
 - **Bleed the air supply line to the vessel.**
-

4.2.1 Disconnect the filter from the air supply, and disconnect all hoses.

4.2.2 Close the inlet valve and all outlet valves. If valves are not installed, plug all ports with pipe plugs.

4.2.3 Carefully lay the filter on its side and open the port facing up.

4.2.4 Fill the vessel with warm water and detergent solution, through the top port.

4.2.5 Allow the solution to soak in the vessel for one or two hours.

4.2.6 Place the filter in an upright position, then open the inlet and outlet ports and drain petcock to drain the solution from the vessel.

4.2.7 Connect the air supply hose to the outlet port.

4.2.8 With the inlet pointing toward a safe direction, away from persons or objects, apply pressure to the hose, reversing the normal flow to flush loosened contaminants from the filter inlet.

4.2.9 Repeat steps 4.2.3 through 4.2.8 if necessary.

4.2.10 Using clean water to rinse, repeat steps 4.2.3 through 4.2.8.

4.2.11 Set-up the filter for normal use. Apply compressed air to the filter, and open the drain cock until all water is expelled.